

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY, March 4, 1885.

TERMS OF THE NEWS AND HERALD.—The weekly edition, four dollars per annum in advance. Weekly edition, two dollars per annum in advance. Two dollars per annum in advance. If not paid in advance, the subscription will be discontinued at the expiration of the term.

RATES FOR ADVERTISING.—One dollar per line (solid matter) for the first insertion, and fifty cents per line for each subsequent insertion. These rates apply to advertisements of every character, and are payable strictly in advance. Objections and alterations of text are charged for as insertions. Marriage notices, and simple announcements of deaths, are published free, and are subject to the discretion of the publisher.

Advertisements.—

Rupture Cured.—McMaster, Brice & Ketchin.

Fresh Groceries.—D. R. Fleniken. Lemington, Jr.—A. Williford & Sons.

Notice of Final Discharge.—Thos. D. Owings, Administrator.

Local Beries.—

—There is but little cotton shipped from this point now-a-days.

—These are hard times on tramps and people who are out of work.

—We observed some cotton selling in town on Friday. The best will bring 10¢.

—The bridges on the streets are receiving the attention of the Town Council.

—There is talk among the sports of getting up a mule race, to come off on an early day.

—There are but few "commercial evangelists" to be seen hanging around now-a-days.

—In some sections of the country there is complaint of a scarcity of farm laborers.

—It is said that the best way to get bad whiskey manufactured is to license more bar-rooms in a town than will pay.

—The Clerk informs us that up to the first day of March thirteen hundred and ninety-eight liens have been indexed.

—Several civil cases of some importance have been heard in the trial justice courts of town during the past few days.

—There was not a great deal of property sold on Monday. Several mules went off under mortgages, however. A mortgage will make any mule salable.

—A bill will probably be introduced in the Legislature at the next session to fix a legal liability on municipal corporations for certain acts of their agents.

—We were glad to see on our streets on Friday our friend Capt. W. B. Woodward, from near Woodward's. It is not frequent that the Captain pays our town a visit, and we think it worthy of notice. We will be glad to see him often.

—The thanks of all thorough-going pedestrians are due to the Town Council for their thoughtfulness in repairing the street crossings. With a very small outlay they have thus greatly facilitated personal locomotion in muddy weather.

—We have heard of a number of applicants in the county for Federal offices. It would seem that the maxim, "To the victor belong the spoils," is still the guiding star of the masses of the Democracy, whatever may be the theoretical principles of the party as expounded by its campaign orators.

—The lien law is said to be looked upon by merchants as a worthless security. In fact, no merchant in town, it is said, will furnish a planter with supplies upon this security alone. The farmer who comes here to get supplies without having personal or real property to pledge by way of mortgage for the payment of such supplies stands a rather slim showing to get a "lien opened."

—Where was the public lamp-lighter on Sunday evening? When the alarm of fire was given, in addition to the difficulties growing out of streets knee-deep in mud, not a lamp was burning. It was as dark as the "valley of the shadows." If the lamps are not provided to give light on just such nights as Sunday night was, then the inquiry becomes pertinent, what are they stuck out in the middle of the streets in the way for anyhow?

PERSONAL.—Miss Rebecca Buchanan, who has been visiting friends and relatives in Georgia, has returned. Her friends are glad to welcome her home again.

THE FIRE ENGINE.—A steam fire engine is a great invention. When we have a great fire, or even think we have one, there is a conscious pride in the reflection that we can command the forces of nature to extinguish it. When we need one we need it as badly as the Texan needed the pistol.

INSURANCE.—It is said that the insurance companies have "formed a combination and have raised premiums on fire and on life insurance. This is to be regretted. Statistics show that these companies were making money as the premiums were, and the combination is an unjustifiable stroke of power. It is taking advantage of the necessities of the people. There is but one remedy—form new and competing companies.

AN OPENING FOR GENIUS.—Young Americans of a military turn of mind now have an opportunity to win fame by volunteering their services to her Majesty's Government and trying steel with the Soudanese. We have no idea that a great many from these parts will avail themselves of the opportunity. In fact, we are not acquainted with any young man in town who would not sooner get married than stand before the Gatling guns of the Arabs.

THE WEATHER.—On Wednesday we were approached by a complaining gentleman with the novel request that we would "for God's sake say something in the paper about the weather." This we would gladly do if we knew what to say, and could be assured that the saying of it would accomplish any-

thing. If our friend or any of his acquaintances has anything to suggest on the subject they may consider the columns of THE NEWS AND HERALD open to them.

MEETING OF THE BACHELORS.—Pursuant to notice the Bachelors met in the Town Hall on last Tuesday night. Their annual celebration was appointed for March 17. Messrs. W. L. McDonald, J. K. Alston, G. L. Huey and Henry C. Elliott were duly elected members of the Union. Mr. H. N. Emlyn, of the Columbia Register, as the representative of the press, and Mr. T. K. Elliott, as the representative of the Society, were, by a unanimous vote, invited to be the guests of the Society at the next meeting.

IMPROVE YOUR LAND.—An acre of improved land is equivalent in value to ten acres of unimproved land which has been in cultivation for ten years, however fertile the "virgin soil" may once have been. The best way for farmers to get rich in this country is to improve their lands. We know of a few farmers in this county who have improved their lands to the extent that their plantations would now bring under the hammer of the sheriff thirty dollars per acre.

DEATH.—Mr. R. P. Curry, an old and estimable citizen of this county, died, after a brief illness, at his residence near Jenkinsville on Sunday morning, in the eighty-sixth year of his age. He was born on the first day of January, 1800, and lived through all the eventful years of the present century a quiet but useful life. He was for many years a consistent member of the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church. He leaves a family and many friends to whom we tender our sympathies.

A COTTON SEED OIL MILL.—It has been suggested to us by a thoughtful gentleman of town that the founding of a cotton seed oil mill here would add very much to the future prosperity of our business interests. Not only this but as it seems to us the proprietors of such an establishment might expect a fair profit on the investment. Besides, it is becoming quite clear, even to the most sanguine, that the cotton factory has been indefinitely postponed. We ought to agree on a compromise of some sort, and if we can't work the cotton why not try the seed?

MARRIAGE.—We clip the following from an exchange in order that some of our young friends who are now contemplating matrimony may congratulate themselves that they are not citizens of the eastern dominions of the Czar:

In North Siberia, if a young native desires to marry, he goes to the father of the girl of his choice, and a price is agreed upon, one-half of which is then paid down. The prospective son-in-law at once takes up his residence with the family of his lady love, and resides with them a year. If at the end of a year he still desires to marry the girl he can pay the other half, and they are married on the next visit of the priest. If he does not want to marry he need not, and simply loses the half he paid at the start.

A FATAL BISCUIT.—The Lexington Dispatch says:

A fashionable young man of Leesville, who has a very economical turn, wrote a note to his girl the other day and added a postscript saying, "Give the boy a biscuit for carrying this note." The young lady sent the young man quite a number of biscuits, informing him that he could henceforth prepay carriage, and when the rations were exhausted to draw on her for more. It is said a cold wave now blows across the young lady and her C. O. D. young man.

The sympathies of fashionable men everywhere will be freely bestowed on this unfortunate man of fashion.

THE NAVAL CADETSHIP.—Congressman Perry gives notice through the Greenville News that a competitive examination will be held in Columbia on the 2nd day of April next for the appointment of a suitable person to fill a vacancy from the 4th Congressional District of the Naval Academy. The examiners are Col. A. Coward, Mr. J. S. Muller and Dr. B. W. Taylor. The applicant must be a resident of the 4th Congressional District, between the ages of fourteen and eighteen years, and will be examined in reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, geography, English grammar, history and algebra, and will also be examined as to his physical soundness.

HYMENEAL.—There was a very happy gathering at the residence of Mr. T. L. Richardson, in this county, on Thursday night, the 26th ult., the occasion being the marriage of Miss Mary Jane Richardson, daughter of that gentleman, to Mr. D. A. Broom. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Entzinger, of the Baptist church, and at its close the bridal party were the recipients of the warm congratulations of their friends. The evening was delightfully spent in conversation and dancing, and a fine supper constituted not the least enjoyable feature of the occasion. The good wishes of a host of friends follow the happy pair on their journey through life.

INHUMAN CARELESSNESS.—We clip the following from the Edgefield Advertiser:

A negro man and his wife, living on the plantation of L. M. Asbill, two miles from Ridge Spring, left their house on Tuesday, the 17th inst., locking up their three little children. One of the children caught fire and burned to death before it could be rescued. The other two and the house were barely saved by the neighbors.

If this were the first case of the sort it would perhaps call for no special comment, but every now and then we read the same thing over again. It seems to be a favorite habit with the negroes generally to lock up their children on leaving home. Of course it is not surprising that they should find on returning nothing but ashes. Such carelessness is criminal, and if nothing else will do should be provided for by penal enactment.

IN THE TRIAL JUSTICE COURTS.—On Saturday the case of the State vs. Thos. Rabb, charged with breach of labor contract, was heard before Trial Justice Catheart. The defendant demanded trial by a jury of his peers, and accordingly a jury was empaneled to try the issues. The prosecuting witness and the defendant were both colored men, and the jury, finally selected after a number of challenges by both sides, in which white men were rejected, consisted entirely of colored men. The testimony which was voluminous was conflicting as to who committed the breach, the defendant or the prosecuting witness. The jury retired late in the evening, and after prolonged deliberation reported to the Court that a verdict was impossible, and a mistrial was accordingly ordered.

MOUNT ZION COLLEGE.—No one could think of charging the people of Wimbors with being indifferent to educational progress. The history of our town recent and remote forbids any such suggestion, and the accusation, if made, would be too obviously untrue to amount even to an insult. But while this is all perfectly clear, it is just as certain that some very important matters in this connection are being entirely overlooked. In short—for we have no earthly use for circumlocution—the old Mount Zion College building has done about all that could be legitimately expected of it, and it would be an appropriate recognition of its past utility, an act of simple justice to the youth of this place to rebuild it at once from the ground up. We have no desire to raise a fuss with anybody, but this matter must have attention, and that shortly, by some means or other.

BEFORE THE TRIAL JUSTICES.—On Wednesday the case of the State vs. Charles Davis, charged with uttering threatening and menacing speeches, was heard in the Trial Justice Court. It appeared that the defendant and the prosecuting witness, a blushing damsel of eighteen summers, had been engaged, and he, lover-like, had bestowed a number of valuable presents upon her which, when the engagement was broken, he was persuaded should have been promptly returned; but the girl did not take this view of the situation and declined to part with the valuables, whereupon the gallant lover threatened the maid with violence, and hence the prosecution. The defendant was convicted. It will be observed that the main question whether or not a fellow can get his presents back was not passed upon.

THE LATE JOHN A. FRASER.—Intelligence was received, through the papers last week, of the death of Mr. John A. Fraser. We had hoped ere this to receive some particulars of the sad event, which took place in Springfield, Missouri. Some friends of Mr. Fraser have written for information, and it is expected in a few days. The news of Mr. Fraser's death will be received with general sorrow. Born in Wimbors, and spending in the town his entire life, up to his departure for the West in 1877, he had here a host of friends and, it is safe to say, not a single enemy. He was of a social, genial and generous disposition, and these qualities naturally drew to him a large circle of warm friends. Mr. Fraser was a son of the Rev. Malcolm Fraser, deceased, and was about thirty-eight years of age. Peace to his ashes.

SUICIDE.—Mr. Edgar A. Powell, who resides in the southern portion of this county, committed suicide on Sunday morning by shooting himself through the region of the heart. The cause of the deplorable act seems to have been financial difficulties. He was in town on Saturday, and made, it is said, an unsuccessful effort to secure a loan, and went home on a rather dejected state of mind. On Sunday morning he did not arise as usual, and when summoned to breakfast from his room upstairs he sent word to the family to breakfast without him—that he did not care to get up, but preferred to sleep. The family accordingly proceeded to breakfast, and he arose and walked down into the parlor in his night clothes, picked up a pistol which lay on a table, pulled back his shirt and carefully placed the muzzle to his breast and fired the fatal shot. He fell and expired in ten minutes. The report of the pistol brought his family to his side to witness his expiring groans. Mr. Powell was about forty-five years old, and leaves a wife and eight children to mourn his truly untimely death.

RAILROAD BUILDING.—The people of Columbia and Charleston seem to be somewhat excited over the building of the new railroad, (the South Carolina Midland), which is to connect Charleston and Greenville and the great West. While the public-spirited citizens of these cities are discussing the advantages to be derived from such a connection, we would like to inquire of our merchants and capitalists, if a narrow gauge railroad from Wimbors to Shelton would not be advantageous to the people of this county generally. By tapping the Spartanburg & Union Railroad at the latter point we would secure a direct connection with Chicago and Cincinnati, the great grain markets of the world. Is this project impracticable? We think not, and certainly there are none who will deny that such a connection would be of inestimable advantage to Wimbors and the whole county. Let some of our business men take hold of the project and push it to completion. There will be those of course who will smile at the suggestion. London bankers and capitalists listened with polite incredulity as Cyrus W. Field unfolded to them the project of the Atlantic Cable as they did also when M. De Lesseps told them that with a little assistance, he would cut a canal across the Isthmus of Suez.

FARMS AND FARMING.—Why are Northern farmers rich and Southern farmers poor? Is there a reason in

the nature of things for this? Whether there is or not such is certainly a fact. In Lancaster county, Penn., it is said that real estate is valued at one hundred dollars per acre. Farms are all small, varying from twenty to one hundred and fifty acres. These are kept in the highest state of cultivation and have been improved by artificial methods to an unparalleled degree of fertility. It seems to us that we have a fact here that we may take hold of to advantage. The lands in the South will never be improved while one man owns one, two and three thousand acres. This is enough for him without improvement and no one else will care to improve it under the circumstances. What we need is smaller farms and better farming. When we have this we will have less of poverty and destruction and fewer protests against the existing order of things. One of the reforms brought about by the Gracchi in Rome was a division of the empire into small farms and a limiting of the acreage which one man should own. The diligent student of modern history may well ask himself the question were the laws of the Gracchi or agrarian laws as they were called not founded in wisdom.

FIRE.—On Sunday night about half past seven o'clock the alarm of fire was given, and the continued and almost frantic ringing of the bell seemed to indicate that it was no false alarm this time. The town was out in a few moments en masse and for some time the most intense excitement prevailed. The Ladd building was said to be on fire, and to this place all parties rushed at once, and the immense structure was searched from the first to the fourth story with all the haste which intense excitement engenders. Some of the rooms and passages on the second floor were charged with smoke, but no fire could be discovered. The discovery of this smoke was the cause of the alarm. The dining-room of Mr. Danley, who occupies rooms on the second floor, was found to be full of smoke, and no fire had been in this room since morning. It was supposed that the fire was raging in other rooms, but after the above search was made in vain the conclusion was reached that there was no fire. The trouble seems to have arisen in this way: The stove in the barber shop on the ground floor discharges its smoke into one of the chimneys of the house. A fire had been burning in this stove late in the evening, but the wind, it seems, held adverse possession of the funnel of the chimney, and hence the smoke in the rooms and corridors. The thanks of the community are due to all the fire companies for the promptness with which they came to the rescue.

FOR THE WEST.

Messrs. Editors: The following appears as an editorial in the columns of THE NEWS AND HERALD in 1869. Time has proven the correctness of the editor's (B. R. Stuart) views, certainly as to Fairfield. Speaking of the emigration of laborers to Louisiana and Texas he says:

The movement will be gradual, but it promises to be certain. This State will lose its population. Both white and black will gradually move to more fertile soils, but a greater proportion of black will go most probably. The fact that more blacks will leave than whites is a favorable one, socially and politically. But the fact that any portion of our population should emigrate from our State indicates a people who either cannot or will not adopt modern improvements, who are inclined to porosity and indifferent to science and unskilled in the arts; who are ignorant and uneducated as to the sources of wealth and the means of production; who are incapable of intelligent combination in business and indifferent to the public welfare; whose apathy is loathsome and who think it wisdom to let things (not men, but things), take care of themselves. There is remunerative work enough to do here, but a want of enterprise to do it.

ITEMS FROM STROTHER.

Messrs. Editors: Not having seen anything in your columns from this section since your Monticello correspondent became an inmate of your "city," I thought a few lines from your humble servant might not be amiss. I have rarely known this ever dull locality to have such an utter dearth of news. So if I fail to rake up material for a letter I must crave your gracious indulgence. Remember the little boy's injunction regarding the "critic's eye."

We have had wretched weather almost this entire month. The succession of rain, sleet, snow and ice, in short everything pertaining to a severe winter, reminds one of Dickens's description of the weather in "The Cricket on the Hearth":

"The rain it isn't water,
And the water isn't free,
And it really seems there's nothing
As we'd wish to have it be."

You will observe that the latter part of the quotation is purposely altered to express the sentiments of friends and neighbors. We are, without exception, heartily tired of bad weather. The sun has been shining brightly for the past few days, but his rays are not as genial as we would wish. Tonight, stifling by a glowing oak and hickory fire, it is almost impossible to keep warm. Mantles of ice and scenes which may rival the splendor of the polar regions may do very well in town, but in the country where the cows must be milked, water brought (and up a hill at that) and so on *ad infinitum*, we have had enough to take all romance and sentiment from us. It cannot be wondered at, if we have been, for we are brought face to face with the stern realities of life in country during wretchedly cold weather, and would prefer less beauty and more comfort.

The young people made a desperate effort to get up a "Valentine party," but I think it ended in wishes and regrets.

Next to a "sarcophagus" (of which they have been in momentary expectation for weeks) our colored friends regard a snow storm and cold weather among the greatest of the evils of life. This reminds me that just one year ago this night our cyclone came, leaving ruin, wreck and desolation in its track. The course of the tornado was de-

scribed by abler pens than mine, but truly no words could give you an idea of the fury of that wind. Nothing ever made me realize so fully the uncertainty of life and all things here. To my dying hour the shrieks of the wounded and lamentations of the houseless will ring in my ears. But nothing was as touching as the muttering of one poor girl who walked in with both jaw bones broken, her breast bone broken and a fearful gash in her head. She was perfectly conscious, though unable to utter one word, but oh! the agony that dwelt in her eyes! Absolutely writhed in agony for twenty hours before death came to her relief. But I must not longer dwell on this retrospect.

Planters seem thoroughly disheartened by the continued bad weather. They predict an entire failure of the grain crop, and grumble no line as being retarded in farm work. But I believe the normal condition of the Fairfield farmer is one of despondency. I often quote my favorite text: "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

The house in which Mr. Wesley Mayfield's cook lived was totally consumed by fire night before last. Happily, no lives were lost, though the poor woman lost her furniture, bedding, etc. The philanthropists around her have been quite generous in responding to her appeals for help.

Should this serial fail to appear in your weekly edition, and find its way to the waste basket, it will meet its fate without a murmur from the writer. With an apology for having trespassed so long upon your time and patience, and wishing our editors a happy, prosperous New Year, I am, respectfully,
C. A. S., February 19, 1884.
[We regret that the foregoing reached us too late for our last issue.—Eds.]

A BRILLIANT WEDDING.

At White Oak, on the evening of the 24th ult., Miss Leonora Milling was happily united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. C. C. Whitesides, of Union. It had been previously announced that this indissoluble compact would be solemnized in our new and handsome Associate Reformed Presbyterian church, and the public had been invited to witness it; but owing to the inclemency of the weather the bridal party, together with a few friends and relatives of the bride, repaired to the residence of Mr. A. J. Hamilton, where the solemn and impressive ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. P. Marion, assisted by the Rev. J. A. White.

The attendants represented the beauty and chivalry of portions of Fairfield, York and Union. Here is a list of them: Mr. D. M. Milling and Miss Beniah Whitesides, Mr. S. G. Clowney and Miss Anna McFadden, Mr. L. A. Rodgers and Miss Eliza Patrick, Mr. J. S. Brice and Miss Lorena Milling, Mr. J. H. Milling and Miss Minnie Yongue, Mr. W. N. Milling and Miss Snie Lemmon, Mr. J. L. Harris and Miss Sallie Coleman, Mr. A. Y. Milling and Miss Sallie Brown, Mr. W. M. Patrick and Miss Lizzie Gordon, Mr. D. A. McDowell and Miss Mary Clowney. All these ladies were naturally rich in beauty, and they looked so exquisitely handsome on this occasion that several of their gallant partners grew "dangerously sentimental."

The bridal party enjoyed Mrs. Hamilton's sumptuous feast immensely, and charmingly entertained themselves until a late hour.

The bride was one of our most handsome and amiable young ladies and she had a large number of true and devoted friends to wish her God-speed on the threshold of matrimonial life. She received more than thirty beautiful and valuable presents.

PHILO.

RUPTURE CURED.

BUY THE CELEBRATED FRY TRUSS, of which we have a supply. We have also just received a new lot of Trusses from P. M. Field & Co.
McMASTER, BRICE & KETCHIN.

NOTICE OF FINAL DISCHARGE.

I HEREBY give notice that I have rendered my final account as Administrator of the Estate of WILLIAM M. YESOU, deceased, and that on the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock, a. m., I shall apply to the Judge of Probate for Fairfield County, for a final discharge as such Administrator.
THOS. D. OWINGS,
Administrator.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

THE Fairfield Teachers' Association will meet at Bethel (eleven miles south of Wimbors) on Saturday, March 7, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

PROGRAMME.

Address by Col. A. Coward, State Superintendent of Education.
Educational Qualification for Suffrage.—Hon. Chas. A. Douglass.
Parent, Teacher and Pupil.—B. R. Turner.
The public are invited.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Feb 24/xtul

C BART & CO.,
35 | 37 | AND | 39
MARKET STREET,
CHARLESTON, SO. CA.,
The Largest Fruit and Produce House in the South.
Import and keep constantly on hand Bananas, Cocoanuts, Oranges, Pineapples, Apples, Lemons, Nuts, Raisins, Potatoes, Cabbages, Onions, N. C. and Va. Peanuts.
ORDERS SOLICITED, AND PROMPTLY FILLED.
Nov 28/xtm

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.
By J. R. BOYLES, Esq., Probate Judge.

WHEREAS, W. H. KERR hath made suit to me to grant him letters of administration of the estate and effects of Jonathan R. Coleman, deceased.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said Jonathan R. Coleman, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Fairfield Court House, S. C., on the 5th day of March, next after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand, this 23rd day of January, Anno Domini 1885.
Published on the 24th day of January, 1885, in THE NEWS AND HERALD.
J. R. BOYLES,
Judge of Probate.

Jan 24-6t

FRESH GROCERIES!

FRESH GROCERIES!!

FLOURS—Luxury, Patent Cream.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, Muscovado and Sugar Drip.

CHEESE AND MACARONI.

COFFEES—The Celebrated Momaia, Old Government Java and Graded Rios.

TEAS—Green and Black.

MOIR'S CHOW-CHOW, Mixed Pickle, and a fresh and well assorted lot of Canned Goods.

FOR THE LAUNDRY—French Starch, enameled. Try it.

Call and examine before buying elsewhere.

D. R. FLENNIKEN.

LEMINGTON, JR.

THE young Horse, LEMINGTON, Jr., will stand the ensuing spring season at his stable in Wimbors. Service, Ten Dollars, paid in advance. Every care will be taken to prevent accidents, but no liability will be assumed for any that may occur.

DESCRIPTION.

LEMINGTON, Jr., is a beautiful brown color, nine years old, fifteen hands three inches high, and is handsomely formed.

A. WILLIFORD & SONS.

DON'T READ THIS.

Never has my unusually select stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing and Furnishing Goods been so extensive, never so low in price (quality and workmanship considered) as now. My beautifully fitting and custom-like clothing is worn by the best dressed men and boys in the city, and visitors to Columbia who may contemplate purchasing clothing will find at this store the most correct styles and the latest novelties, all garments fitted to your form before delivery, and every article sold is warranted to be just exactly as represented.

The well-dressed young man who demands something in accordance with his own ideas of refinement, can always be sure of finding the latest and most correct styles of garments at this establishment. I make a special feature of suits for young men in four-button cutaways, in Worsted and Whipter; also in Prince Alberts.

No other house has so complete a stock of Gent's Underwear as I am offering by my trade. Perhaps I should not know this it those useful people, the shoppers, (who go around comparing goods and buying where they find the best) who are continually telling me so. One very important feature is that my prices are large and new, another is that my prices are the lowest anywhere. The proper way to find this out is to call and see for yourselves.

NOTICE.—I have just added to my stock of Shoes a line of Dancing Pumps and Gent's Slippers. I am also prepared to wholesale goods to merchants in the State. I guarantee prices, and you can save in your freight by purchasing from the Enquirer. I can sell cheaper than any jobbing house, as I purchase from Manufacturers.

M. L. KINARD.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between McDonald & Douglass has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as the same relates to the practice of criminal law.

17th December, 1884.
J. E. McDONALD,
C. A. DOUGLASS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have this day formed a partnership for the practice of law in civil cases under the firm name of McDonalds & Douglass. Their offices may be found in Law Building.
December 17, 1884.
J. E. McDONALD,
C. A. DOUGLASS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have this day formed a partnership for the practice of criminal law, under the firm name of Douglass & McDonald. Office in Law Range.
December 17, 1884.
C. A. DOUGLASS,
W. L. McDONALD.

Dec 20/xt

RINGING

The Death Knell of High Prices

—AT—

A. WILLIFORD & CO'S.

WE OFFER FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

\$1500

Worth of CLOTHING, in odds and ends, at FIFTY CENTS on the DOLLAR.

Also a few Boys' Suits—for boys from 5 to 12 years of age—at fifty cents on the dollar.

A large lot of Cloaks and Dolmans at HALF PRICE.

Bring your money along now and get some good BARGAINS.

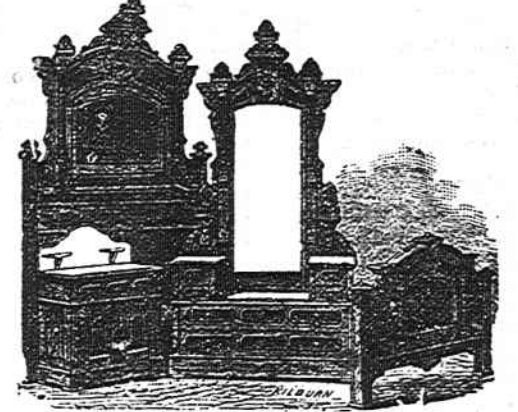
A. WILLIFORD & CO.

NEW FURNITURE

—AND—

HOUSEHOLD DECORATIONS

AND TO ARRIVE.



AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

SILK VELVET AND PLUSH PICTURE FRAMES—the cheapest, newest and most stylish.

A new supply of Oil Window Shades, cheaper than the cheapest.

A new supply of Patent Step Ladders—the best made and the cheapest.

SEWING MACHINES at reduced prices.

Our Platform is low tariff on all goods used by the people, as low prices increase trade and result in the greatest good to both buyer and seller. Values must govern prices. Deal only in good and reliable goods—making the prices as low as possible. A poor article is dear at any price. Use no misrepresentation. Sell every article on its merits, and at its true value.

Have one uniform low price and give every purchaser the benefit.

R. W. PHILLIPS.

PLAIN FACTS.

HURRAH! FOR THE CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN!

THE MOST GOOD FOR THE LEAST MONEY!

My stock of Ladies Dress Goods is complete, consisting of Ladies' Black Cashmere—all Wool. The cheapest lot of Dress Worsteds ever brought to this market. Dress Gingham in all the latest colors. Also a splendid line of Dress Flannels, Sack Flannels, Ladies' Waterproof—cheap. These goods will sell themselves if you will look at them. Velveteens—Blue, Brown, Garnet and Black.

TOWELS AND DOYLIES, AND TOWEL LINEN.

A splendid stock of Blankets and Bed Spreads, Linseys, Canton Flannel, White and Brown Bleachings and Unbleached Homespun, Drillings, White and Gray, Slows' Balmors, Hoop-skirts, &c., &c.

OUR GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

These Goods are bound to sell. They were picked out from among the latest styles. My stock of CLOTHING, for durability, cannot be excelled.

—MY STOCK OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS IS COMPLETE—

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS.

Call and be convinced of these facts. Polite attention given to all.

LOUIS SAMUELS.

Groceries and Shoes

The attention of CASH BUYERS is called to my stock which is complete.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

Sugars at greatly reduced prices.

Coffees—all grades.

Syrups and Porto Rico Molasses—very fine.

Shelf Goods in great variety, and fresh.

Try my TENNESSEE FLOUR.

Bagging and Ties, Salt Bacon, Lard, &c.

"OLD DOMINION HAMS."

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, in kits and 4 barrels.

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY!

A large stock of Boots and Shoes that MUST be sold. Profit no object—as I desire to turn them into money.

Jean's, Plaid and Brown Homespun.

Woodenware and Baskets.

All I ask is a call before purchasing. No goods charged at my reduced prices.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me will settle prior to the first of November next.

R. M. HUEY.

A FRESH STOCK OF GROCERIES, consisting of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, & C.

A FINE LOT EARLY ROSE POTATOES

CANNED GOODS.

Salmon, Sardines, Tomatoes, Peaches, Corn, Pears, Pineapple, etc.

We have just received a nice line of Cigars and Tobacco—Chewing and Smoking. Call and try them. In these, as well as all other goods, we guarantee to give satisfaction, both in quality and price.

PROFST BROS.

NEWS AGENCY.

SUBSCRIPTIONS received for all News papers, Periodicals and Magazines at Publishers' prices. Information on application.

Dec 31/xt

DR. ROSE EGGLESTON.

BALL'S HEALTH PRESERVING CORSET

A combination of CORSET WITH STRENGTH, while bone and Corset Jean, which is pronounced by our best Physicians less injurious to the wearer than any other Corset made.

It is perfectly a greater variety of forms than any other.

Yields readily to every respiration and is equally comfortable in any position assumed by the wearer.

Warranted to retain its perfect shape until worn out. If you secure a more graceful figure than with any other Corset. Please give it a single trial and you will wear no other.

What Leading Chicago Physicians Say of It:

CHICAGO, Oct. 22, 1880.

I have examined Ball's Health Preserving Corset and believe it is in every respect best calculated to preserve the health of the woman who wears it. It does not seem possible for the wear of such a corset to be injured by tight lacing. It also receives the favorable endorsement of two Physicians who have the opportunity of examining it.

JAMES NEVINS HYDE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13, 1880.

I fully endorse what Dr. Hyde says in the above note.

W. H. BAXTER.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13, 1880.

I have examined Ball's Health Preserving Corset and believe it to be the least injurious to the wearer of any Corset I have seen.

A. J. BAXTER, M. D.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13, 1880.

I do not advise any woman to wear a Corset, but I advise her to use one of Ball's Health Preserving Corsets, as it is less likely to do her injury than any other with which I am acquainted.

For sale by J. M. BEATTY & CO.

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